

Core Knowledge in Scholarly Activities

- A. Principles of Biostatistics in Research
 - 1. Types of variables (eg, continuous, ordinal, nominal)
 - 2. Distribution of data (eg, mean, standard deviation, skewness)
 - 3. Hypothesis testing (eg, Type I and Type II errors, p-values, statistical power)
 - 4. Common statistical tests (eg, ANOVA, Chi-square, nonparametric tests)
 - 5. Measurement of association and effect (eg, correlation, relative risk, odds ratio)
 - 6. Regression (eg, linear, logistic, survival analysis)
 - 7. Diagnostic tests (eg, sensitivity and specificity, predictive values, disease prevalence, receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curves)
 - 8. Systematic review and meta-analysis
- B. Principles of Epidemiology and Clinical Research Design
 - 1. Study design, performance, and analysis (internal validity)
 - 2. Generalizability (external validity)
 - 3. Bias and confounding
 - 4. Causation
 - 5. Incidence and prevalence
 - 6. Screening
 - 7. Cost benefit, cost effectiveness, and outcomes
 - 8. Measurement (eg, validity, reliability)
- C. Ethics in Research
 - 1. Professionalism and misconduct in research (eg, conflicts of interest, falsification)
 - 2. Principles of research involving human subjects
 - 3. Principles of consent and assent
- D. Quality Improvement
 - 1. Project design (eg, models, aims, key drivers, tools, Plan-Do-Study-Act (PDSA) cycle)
 - 2. Data and measurement (eg, outcomes, balancing measures, run charts, control charts, common cause and special cause variation)